

Partial profile paired comparison designs for avoiding information overload

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Motivation

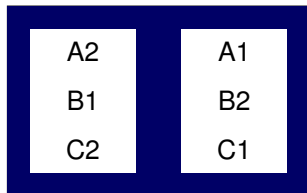
Preliminaries: Model, notation

Optimal approximate designs

Exact designs

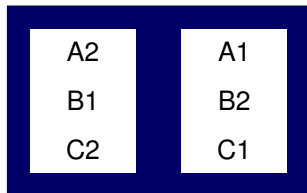
Full profiles ...

... use **all** attributes in every pair



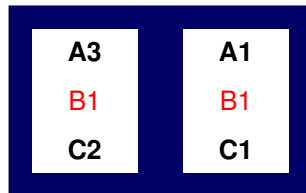
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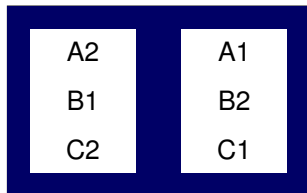
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... differ only in **subset** of attributes with a given **profile strength**



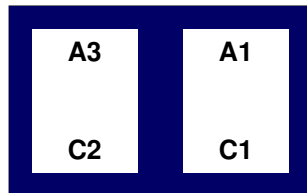
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Partial profiles ...

... differ only in **subset** of attributes with a given **profile strength**



- ▶ K attributes: k^{th} attribute has levels $1, 2, \dots, v_k$
- ▶ Profiles: K -tuples of levels denoted by \mathbf{s}, \mathbf{t}
- ▶ Pairs: (\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{t})

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- ▶ Profile strength: S

- ▶ Design space for **partial profiles**

$$\mathcal{X} = \{(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{t}) : \mathbf{s} \text{ and } \mathbf{t} \text{ differ on exactly } S \text{ attributes}\}$$

Mean overall utility of single profile $\mathbf{s} = (s_1, \dots, s_K)$

$$u(\mathbf{s}) = \mu + \sum_{k=1}^K \mathbf{f}_k(s_k)^\top \beta_k \quad \mathbf{f}_k(s_k) = \begin{cases} \mathbf{e}_{v_k-1, s_k} & s_k \neq v_k \\ -\mathbf{1}_{v_k-1} & s_k = v_k \end{cases}$$

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Model equation for paired comparisons

$$Y(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{t}) = u(\mathbf{s}) - u(\mathbf{t}) + \varepsilon = \sum_{k=1}^K [\mathbf{f}_k(s_k) - \mathbf{f}_k(t_k)]^\top \beta_k + \varepsilon \quad (1)$$

Exact design ξ_N of size N

- ▶ sequence $(\mathbf{s}_1, \mathbf{t}_1), \dots, (\mathbf{s}_N, \mathbf{t}_N)$ of pairs in \mathcal{X}
- ▶ can also be given by design matrix \mathbf{X} in model (1)
- ▶ has normalized information matrix $\mathbf{M}(\xi_N) = \frac{1}{N} \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X}$

Approximate design ξ

- ▶ discrete probability measure on \mathcal{X}
- ▶ with information matrix $\mathbf{M}(\xi)$

Problem considered here

Find D -optimal designs for PCs of partial profiles.

Approach taken

(Invariance) \Rightarrow Optimal approximate designs \Rightarrow Exact designs

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There always exists a D -optimal approximate design of the form

$$\xi = \sum_{m=1}^M \sum_{(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{t}) \in \mathcal{G}_m} \frac{w_m}{|\mathcal{G}_m|} \xi_{(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{t})} \quad (2)$$

For designs ξ as in (2)

$$\mathbf{M}(\xi) = \begin{pmatrix} c_1(\xi)\mathbf{M}_{v_1} & & \mathbf{0} \\ & \ddots & \\ \mathbf{0} & & c_K(\xi)\mathbf{M}_{v_K} \end{pmatrix}$$

where

- ▶ $\mathbf{M}_a = \frac{2}{a-1}(\mathbf{I}_{a-1} + \mathbf{1}_{a-1}\mathbf{1}_{a-1}^\top)$ for every positive integer $a > 1$
- ▶ $c_k(\xi) = \sum_{1 \leq m \leq M: k \in \mathcal{F}_m} w_m$ for every k .

From now on consider only two groups of factors.

The first $1 \leq K_1 < K$ factors have u_1 levels; each of the remaining $K_2 = K - K_1$ factors has u_2 levels where $u_1 < u_2$.

Total number of parameters is $p = K_1 q_1 + K_2 q_2$, where $q_i = u_i - 1$.

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A set \mathcal{G}_m is of type (n_1, n_2) with $n_1 + n_2 = S$, if
for every pair $(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{t}) \in \mathcal{G}_m$ the profiles \mathbf{s} and \mathbf{t} differ in
 n_1 factors with u_1 levels and
 n_2 factors with u_2 levels.

Theorem

The designs ξ in (2) with weights w_m specified as follows are D -optimal:

- (a) If $K_1, K_2 \geq S$, then $w_m = C(K_1 - 1, S - 1)^{-1} \frac{q_1 S}{p}$ for all \mathcal{G}_m of type $(S, 0)$ and $w_m = C(K_2 - 1, S - 1)^{-1} \frac{q_2 S}{p}$ for all \mathcal{G}_m of type $(0, S)$.
- (b) If $K_2 \geq S > K_1$, then $w_m = C(K_2, S - K_1)^{-1} \frac{q_1 S}{p}$ for all \mathcal{G}_m of type $(K_1, S - K_1)$ and $w_m = C(K_2, S)^{-1} (1 - \frac{q_1 S}{p})$ for all \mathcal{G}_m of type $(0, S)$.
- (c) If $K_1 \geq S > K_2$ and $q_2 S < p$, then $w_m = C(K_1, S - K_2)^{-1} \frac{q_2 S}{p}$ for all \mathcal{G}_m of type $(S - K_2, K_2)$ and $w_m = C(K_1, S)^{-1} (1 - \frac{q_2 S}{p})$ for all \mathcal{G}_m of type $(S, 0)$.
- (d) If $S > K_1, K_2$ and $q_2 S < p$, then $w_m = C(K_2 - 1, S - K_1)^{-1} (1 - \frac{q_2 S}{p})$ for all \mathcal{G}_m of type $(K_1, S - K_1)$ and $w_m = C(K_1 - 1, S - K_2)^{-1} (1 - \frac{q_1 S}{p})$ for all \mathcal{G}_m of type $(S - K_2, K_2)$.
- (e) If $S > K_2$ and $q_2 S \geq p$, then $w_m = C(K_1, S - K_2)^{-1}$ for all \mathcal{G}_m of type $(S - K_2, K_2)$.

For the sets \mathcal{G}_m of any other type not explicitly specified in the statements the weights w_m are equal to zero.

For the designs in the theorem the constants in

$$\mathbf{M}(\xi) = \begin{pmatrix} c_1(\xi)\mathbf{M}_{v_1} & & \mathbf{0} \\ & \ddots & \\ \mathbf{0} & & c_K(\xi)\mathbf{M}_{v_K} \end{pmatrix}$$

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- ▶ cases (a)-(d):

$$c_k(\xi) = \begin{cases} q_1 S/p & \text{for } k = 1, \dots, K_1 \\ q_2 S/p & \text{for } k = K_1 + 1, \dots, K \end{cases}$$

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- ▶ case (e):

$$c_k(\xi) = \begin{cases} 1 - (K - S)/K_1 & \text{for } k = 1, \dots, K_1 \\ 1 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

There exist optimal approximate designs whose support consists of pairs of at most **two** different types.

Information matrices of these are **known**.

Goal of second part of talk:

Find **exact** designs with the same information matrices.

- ▶ Weighing matrix of weight w and order n : Square matrix \mathbf{W} of order n with elements $0, \pm 1$ such that

$$\mathbf{W}\mathbf{W}^T = w\mathbf{I}$$

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- ▶ Kronecker product $\mathbf{A} \otimes \mathbf{B}$ of matrices \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{B}

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$$\mathbf{X} = \left(\begin{array}{c|c} \mathbf{W}_1 \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_1} \otimes \mathbf{X}_1 & \mathbf{0} \\ \hline \mathbf{H}_2^\perp \otimes \mathbf{W}_{1,2,z_2} \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_2} \otimes \mathbf{X}_1 & \mathbf{H}_2 \otimes \mathbf{L}_2 \otimes \mathbf{X}_2 \end{array} \right)$$

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Information matrix

$$\frac{1}{N} \mathbf{X}^\top \mathbf{X} = \frac{1}{N} \left(\begin{array}{cc} \alpha_1 (\mathbf{I}_{K_1} \otimes \mathbf{M}_{U_1}) & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0} & \alpha_2 (\mathbf{I}_{K_2} \otimes \mathbf{M}_{U_2}) \end{array} \right)$$

ID	Design matrix \mathbf{X}	Number of pairs N
a1	$\left(\begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{1}_{N_1} \otimes \mathbf{W}_1 \otimes \mathbf{X}_1 & \mathbf{0} \\ \hline \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{1}_{N_2} \otimes \mathbf{W}_2 \otimes \mathbf{X}_2 \end{array} \right)$	$K_1 N_1 C(u_1, 2) + K_2 N_2 C(u_2, 2)$
a2	$\left(\begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{1}_{N_1} \otimes \mathbf{W}_1 \otimes \mathbf{X}_1 & \mathbf{0} \\ \hline \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{1}_{N_2} \otimes \mathbf{P}_2 \end{array} \right)$	$K_1 N_1 C(u_1, 2) + N_2 \#(\mathbf{P}_2)$
a3	((a2))	$K_2 N_2 C(u_2, 2) + N_1 \#(\mathbf{P}_1)$
a4	$\left(\begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{1}_{N_1} \otimes \mathbf{P}_1 & \mathbf{0} \\ \hline \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{1}_{N_2} \otimes \mathbf{P}_2 \end{array} \right)$	$N_1 \#(\mathbf{P}_1) + N_2 \#(\mathbf{P}_2)$
b1	$\left(\begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{H}_1 \otimes \mathbf{L}_1 \otimes \mathbf{X}_1 & \mathbf{H}_1^\dagger \otimes \mathbf{W}_{2,1,z_1} \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_1} \otimes \mathbf{X}_2 \\ \hline \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{W}_2 \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_2} \otimes \mathbf{X}_2 \end{array} \right)$	$(a_1 m_1 / z_1 + a_2) K_2 C(u_2, 2)$
b2	$\left(\begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{H}_1 \otimes \mathbf{L}_1 \otimes \mathbf{X}_1 & \mathbf{H}_1^\dagger \otimes \mathbf{W}_{2,1,z_1} \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_1} \otimes \mathbf{X}_2 \\ \hline \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{1}_{a_2} \otimes \mathbf{P}_2 \end{array} \right)$	$a_1 m_1 K_2 C(u_2, 2) / z_1 + a_2 \#(\mathbf{P}_2)$
b3	$\left(\begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{1}_{N_1} \otimes \mathbf{F}_1 \otimes \mathbf{1}_{M_1} & \mathbf{1}_{N_1} \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_1} \otimes \mathbf{P}_{2,1} \\ \hline \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{W}_2 \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_2} \otimes \mathbf{X}_2 \end{array} \right)$	$a_1 N_1 \#(\mathbf{P}_{2,1}) + a_2 K_2 C(u_2, 2)$
b4	$\left(\begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{1}_{N_1} \otimes \mathbf{F}_1 \otimes \mathbf{1}_{M_1} & \mathbf{1}_{N_1} \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_1} \otimes \mathbf{P}_{2,1} \\ \hline \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{1}_{a_2} \otimes \mathbf{P}_2 \end{array} \right)$	$a_1 N_1 \#(\mathbf{P}_{2,1}) + a_2 \#(\mathbf{P}_2)$
c1	((b1))	$(a_2 m_2 / z_2 + a_1) K_1 C(u_1, 2)$
c2	((b2))	$a_2 m_2 K_1 C(u_1, 2) / z_2 + a_1 \#(\mathbf{P}_1)$
c3	((b3))	$a_2 N_2 \#(\mathbf{P}_{1,2}) + a_1 K_1 C(u_1, 2)$
c4	((b4))	$a_2 N_2 \#(\mathbf{P}_{1,2}) + a_1 \#(\mathbf{P}_1)$
d1	$\left(\begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{H}_1 \otimes \mathbf{L}_1 \otimes \mathbf{X}_1 & \mathbf{H}_1^\dagger \otimes \mathbf{W}_{2,1,z_1} \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_1} \otimes \mathbf{X}_2 \\ \hline \mathbf{H}_2^\dagger \otimes \mathbf{W}_{1,2,z_2} \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_2} \otimes \mathbf{X}_1 & \mathbf{H}_2 \otimes \mathbf{L}_2 \otimes \mathbf{X}_2 \end{array} \right)$	$m_1 n_1 C(u_1, 2) + m_2 n_2 C(u_2, 2)$
d2	$\left(\begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{H}_1 \otimes \mathbf{L}_1 \otimes \mathbf{X}_1 & \mathbf{H}_1^\dagger \otimes \mathbf{W}_{2,1,z_1} \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_1} \otimes \mathbf{X}_2 \\ \hline \mathbf{1}_{N_2} \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_2} \otimes \mathbf{P}_{1,2} & \mathbf{1}_{N_2} \otimes \mathbf{F}_2 \otimes \mathbf{1}_{M_2} \end{array} \right)$	$m_1 n_1 C(u_1, 2) + a_2 N_2 \#(\mathbf{P}_{1,2})$
d3	((d2))	$m_2 n_2 C(u_2, 2) + a_1 N_1 \#(\mathbf{P}_{2,1})$
d4	$\left(\begin{array}{c c} \mathbf{1}_{N_1} \otimes \mathbf{F}_1 \otimes \mathbf{1}_{M_1} & \mathbf{1}_{N_1} \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_1} \otimes \mathbf{P}_{2,1} \\ \hline \mathbf{1}_{N_2} \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_2} \otimes \mathbf{P}_{1,2} & \mathbf{1}_{N_2} \otimes \mathbf{F}_2 \otimes \mathbf{1}_{M_2} \end{array} \right)$	$a_1 N_1 \#(\mathbf{P}_{2,1}) + a_2 N_2 \#(\mathbf{P}_{1,2})$
e1	$\left(\mathbf{H}_2^\dagger \otimes \mathbf{W}_{1,2,z_2} \otimes \mathbf{1}_{a_2} \otimes \mathbf{X}_1 \mid \mathbf{H}_2 \otimes \mathbf{L}_2 \otimes \mathbf{X}_2 \right)$	$m_2 n_2 C(u_2, 2)$
e2	$\left(\mathbf{1}_{a_2} \otimes \mathbf{P}_{1,2} \mid \mathbf{F}_2 \otimes \mathbf{1}_{M_2} \right)$	$a_2 \#(\mathbf{P}_{1,2})$

ID	Conditions
a1	$N_1 = N_2 \frac{u_2}{u_1}$
a2	$N_1 = N_2 \frac{u_2}{u_1} \frac{H(S)}{\gcd(K_2, S)}$
a3	$N_1 = N_2 \frac{u_2}{u_1} \frac{\gcd(K_1, S)}{H(S)}$
a4	$N_1 = N_2 \frac{u_2}{u_1} \frac{\gcd(K_1, S)}{\gcd(K_2, S)}$
b1	$n_1 = a_1 \frac{K_2}{z_1} \frac{u_2 q_2}{u_1 q_1}, a_2 = a_1 \frac{m_1}{z_1} \left(\frac{p}{q_1 S} - 1 \right)$
b2	$n_1 = a_1 \frac{K_2}{z_1} \frac{u_2 q_2}{u_1 q_1}, a_2 = a_1 \frac{m_1}{z_1} \left(\frac{p}{q_1 S} - 1 \right) \frac{\gcd(K_2, S)}{H(S)}$
b3	$M_1 = \#(\mathbf{P}_{2,1}), a_1 = \#(\mathbf{F}_1)$ $a_2 = N_1 u_1 \left(\frac{p}{S} - q_1 \right) \frac{H(K_1)H(S - K_1)}{\gcd(K_2, S - K_1)} \left(1 - \frac{u_2 \bmod 2}{2} \right)$
b4	$M_1 = \#(\mathbf{P}_{2,1}), a_1 = \#(\mathbf{F}_1)$ $a_2 = N_1 u_1 \left(\frac{p}{S} - q_1 \right) \frac{\gcd(K_2, S)}{\gcd(K_2, S - K_1)} \frac{H(K_1)H(S - K_1)}{H(S)} \left(1 - \frac{u_2 \bmod 2}{2} \right)$
c1	$n_2 = a_2 \frac{K_1}{z_2} \frac{u_1 q_1}{u_2 q_2}, a_1 = a_2 \frac{m_2}{z_2} \left(\frac{p}{q_2 S} - 1 \right)$
c2	$n_2 = a_2 \frac{K_1}{z_2} \frac{u_1 q_1}{u_2 q_2}, a_1 = a_2 \frac{m_2}{z_2} \left(\frac{p}{q_2 S} - 1 \right) \frac{\gcd(K_1, S)}{H(S)}$
c3	$M_2 = \#(\mathbf{P}_{1,2}), a_2 = \#(\mathbf{F}_2)$ $a_1 = N_2 u_2 \left(\frac{p}{S} - q_2 \right) \frac{H(K_2)H(S - K_2)}{\gcd(K_1, S - K_2)} \left(1 - \frac{u_1 \bmod 2}{2} \right)$
c4	$M_2 = \#(\mathbf{P}_{1,2}), a_2 = \#(\mathbf{F}_2)$ $a_1 = N_2 u_2 \left(\frac{p}{S} - q_2 \right) \frac{\gcd(K_1, S)}{\gcd(K_1, S - K_2)} \frac{H(K_2)H(S - K_2)}{H(S)} \left(1 - \frac{u_1 \bmod 2}{2} \right)$
d1	$n_1 = a_1 \frac{K_2}{z_1} \frac{u_2 q_2}{u_1 q_1}, n_2 = a_2 \frac{K_1}{z_2} \frac{u_1 q_1}{u_2 q_2}$ $m_2 = m_1 \frac{a_1}{a_2} \frac{z_2}{z_1} \frac{u_2 q_2}{u_1 q_1} \frac{q_1 S - p}{q_2 S - p}$
d2	$M_2 = \#(\mathbf{P}_{1,2}), a_2 = \#(\mathbf{F}_2), n_1 = a_1 \frac{K_2}{z_1} \frac{u_2 q_2}{u_1 q_1}$ $m_1 = N_2 u_1 q_1 \frac{z_1}{a_1} \frac{p - q_2 S}{p - q_1 S} \frac{H(K_2)H(S - K_2)}{\gcd(K_1, S - K_2)} \left(1 - \frac{u_1 \bmod 2}{2} \right)$
d3	$M_1 = \#(\mathbf{P}_{2,1}), a_1 = \#(\mathbf{F}_1), n_2 = a_2 \frac{K_1}{z_2} \frac{u_1 q_1}{u_2 q_2}$

Parameters of D -optimal exact designs

K	K_1	K_2	u_1	u_2	S	ID	N_1	N_2	M_1	M_2	a_1	a_2	m_1	r_1	n_1	s_1	z_1	m_2	r_2	n_2	s_2	z_2	Pairs	
4	1	3	2	3	3	b4	1	-	18	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42
4	2	2	2	3	2	a1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18
4	2	2	2	3	3	e1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	1	1	12
4	2	2	2	4	2	a1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16
4	2	2	2	4	3	e1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	1	1	1	1	24
4	2	2	2	5	2	a1	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	50
4	2	2	2	5	3	e1	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	4	2	1	1	1	1	40
4	2	2	3	4	2	a1	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60
4	2	2	3	5	2	a1	5	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90
4	3	1	2	3	2	c2	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	8	1	1	1	1	1	30
4	3	1	2	3	3	e2	-	-	-	12	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36
4	3	1	2	4	2	e1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	1	1	12
4	3	1	2	4	3	e2	-	-	-	12	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72
4	3	1	2	5	2	e1	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	1	1	1	60
4	3	1	3	4	2	c2	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	3	1	1	1	54
5	1	4	2	3	3	b3	1	-	12	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36
5	2	3	2	3	2	a2	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24
5	2	3	2	3	3	b2	-	-	-	-	1	5	4	2	9	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	96
5	2	3	2	4	2	a2	4	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	44
5	2	3	2	5	2	a2	5	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	70
5	3	2	2	3	2	a3	3	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42
5	3	2	2	3	3	c2	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	8	2	1	1	1	1	28
5	3	2	2	4	2	a3	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18
5	3	2	2	4	3	e1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	1	1	1	1	24
5	3	2	3	4	2	a3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	72
5	3	2	3	4	3	c2	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	3	1	1	1	96
5	4	1	2	3	2	c1	-	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	4	1	1	1	36
5	4	1	2	3	3	e1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	2	1	2	2	24
5	4	1	2	4	2	c1	-	-	-	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	1	1	1	28
5	4	1	2	4	3	e1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	1	1	2	2	24
5	4	1	2	5	2	e1	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	1	1	1	40
5	4	1	2	5	3	e1	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	4	1	1	1	2	2	40
6	2	4	2	3	2	a1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
6	2	4	2	4	2	a1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28
6	2	4	2	5	2	a1	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90
6	2	4	3	4	2	a1	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	96
6	3	3	2	3	2	a4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	54
6	3	3	2	3	3	a4	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36
6	3	3	2	4	2	a4	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48
6	3	3	2	4	3	a4	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32
6	3	3	2	5	3	a4	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
6	4	2	2	3	2	a1	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24
6	4	2	2	3	3	c1	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	4	2	1	1	32
6	4	2	2	4	2	a1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
6	4	2	2	4	3	c1	-	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	6	1	2	2	1	1	80
6	4	2	2	5	2	a1	5	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60
6	4	2	2	5	3	e1	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	2	2	1	1	40
6	4	2	3	4	2	a1	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84
6	5	1	2	4	2	c2	-	-	-	-	-	2	6	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	5	1	1	80
6	5	1	2	5	2	c2	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	8	1	1	1	1	1	90

Tables of designs with up to 100 pairs available at

```
http://www.maths.qmul.ac.uk/~hg/PP2G/
```

Designs are also (locally) optimal for the **multinomial logit model** under assumption that parameters are equal to 0.

General method used here can also be used to generate efficient designs with **smaller** numbers of pairs.

Extension to **three** groups of factors is possible, but more complicated.

Großmann, H., Holling, H., Graßhoff, U. & Schwabe, R. (2006). Optimal designs for asymmetric linear paired comparisons with a profile strength constraint. *Metrika* 64, 109–119.

Großmann, H., Graßhoff, U. & Schwabe, R. (2009). Approximate and exact optimal designs for paired comparisons of partial profiles when there are two groups of factors. *J. Statist. Plann. Inference* 139, 1171–1179.

Design for $K_1 = 4$, $K_2 = 2$, $u_1 = 2$, $u_2 = 3$ and $S = 3$.

Design for $K_1 = 4$, $K_2 = 2$, $u_1 = 2$, $u_2 = 3$ and $S = 3$.

Construct optimal exact design with $N = 32$ pairs using method c1.

Design for $K_1 = 4$, $K_2 = 2$, $u_1 = 2$, $u_2 = 3$ and $S = 3$.

Construct optimal exact design with $N = 32$ pairs using method c1.

Building blocks

$$\blacktriangleright \mathbf{X}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{X}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\blacktriangleright \mathbf{W}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{W}_{1,2,z_2} = \mathbf{I}_4$$

$$\blacktriangleright \mathbf{1}_{a_1} = \mathbf{1}_2 \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{1}_{a_2} = \mathbf{1}_3$$

$$\blacktriangleright \mathbf{H}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{H}_2^\perp = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{L}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Example

Design matrix

$$\mathbf{X} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 & -2 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 2 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -2 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -1 & -2 & -1 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & -2 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & -1 & -2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 2 & 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 2 & -1 & -2 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -1 & -2 & -1 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -1 & -2 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & 0 & -2 & -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 & -1 & -2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & 2 & 1 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 & 1 & 2 & -1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$